



Treasury Laws Amendment (Financial Sector Regulation) Act 2018

No. 142, 2018

An Act to amend the law in relation to the financial sector, and for related purposes

Note: An electronic version of this Act is available on the Federal Register of Legislation (<https://www.legislation.gov.au/>)

Contents

1	Short title.....	1
2	Commencement.....	2
3	Schedules.....	2
Schedule 1—Restrictions on shareholdings		3
Part 1—Amendments		3
<i>Financial Sector (Shareholdings) Act 1998</i>		3
Part 2—Application and transitional provisions		17
Schedule 2—Limited banking licences		20
Part 1—Authority to carry on banking business for a limited time		20
<i>Banking Act 1959</i>		20
Part 2—Miscellaneous amendments		23
<i>Banking Act 1959</i>		23



Treasury Laws Amendment (Financial Sector Regulation) Act 2018

No. 142, 2018

An Act to amend the law in relation to the financial sector, and for related purposes

[Assented to 29 November 2018]

The Parliament of Australia enacts:

1 Short title

This Act is the *Treasury Laws Amendment (Financial Sector Regulation) Act 2018*.

2 Commencement

- (1) Each provision of this Act specified in column 1 of the table commences, or is taken to have commenced, in accordance with column 2 of the table. Any other statement in column 2 has effect according to its terms.

Commencement information		
Column 1	Column 2	Column 3
Provisions	Commencement	Date/Details
1. Sections 1 to 3 and anything in this Act not elsewhere covered by this table	The day this Act receives the Royal Assent.	29 November 2018
2. Schedule 1	The first 1 January, 1 April, 1 July or 1 October to occur after the end of the period of 2 months beginning on the day this Act receives the Royal Assent.	1 April 2019
3. Schedule 2	The day after this Act receives the Royal Assent.	30 November 2018

Note: This table relates only to the provisions of this Act as originally enacted. It will not be amended to deal with any later amendments of this Act.

- (2) Any information in column 3 of the table is not part of this Act. Information may be inserted in this column, or information in it may be edited, in any published version of this Act.

3 Schedules

Legislation that is specified in a Schedule to this Act is amended or repealed as set out in the applicable items in the Schedule concerned, and any other item in a Schedule to this Act has effect according to its terms.

Schedule 1—Restrictions on shareholdings

Part 1—Amendments

Financial Sector (Shareholdings) Act 1998

1 Section 3

Insert:

APRA means the Australian Prudential Regulation Authority.

assets threshold has the meaning given by subsections 14A(6) and (7).

civil penalty provision has the same meaning as in the Regulatory Powers Act.

Regulatory Powers Act means the *Regulatory Powers (Standard Provisions) Act 2014*.

relevant licensed company, in relation to an approval under paragraph 14(1)(b), means the company to which subsection 14A(3) or (4) applied in granting the approval.

rules means rules made under subsection 45A(1).

total resident assets has the meaning given by subsection 14A(5).

2 Section 8

Omit:

The allowed percentage is 15% or a higher percentage approved by the Treasurer for the person on national interest grounds.

A person who holds a stake of no more than 15% of a financial sector company may be declared by the Treasurer to have practical control of the company. The person must then take steps to end that control.

substitute:

The allowed percentage is 20% or a higher percentage approved by the Treasurer for the person either:

- (a) on national interest grounds; or
- (b) on the basis that the person is a fit and proper person and the company concerned is new or recently established, with assets below a certain threshold amount.

A person who holds a stake of no more than 20% of a financial sector company may be declared by the Treasurer to have practical control of the company. The person must then take steps to end that control.

3 Division 2 of Part 2 (heading)

Omit “15%”, substitute “20%”.

4 Paragraph 10(a)

Omit “15%”, substitute “20%”.

5 Division 3 of Part 2 (heading)

Omit “15%”, substitute “20%”.

6 Section 13 (heading)

Omit “15%”, substitute “20%”.

7 Subsection 13(1)

Omit “15%”, substitute “20%”.

8 After subsection 13(1)

Insert:

- (1A) The application may be in relation to a company that is not a financial sector company at the time the application is made.

9 Before paragraph 13(2)(a)

Insert:

- (aa) specify whether the applicant is seeking for the approval to be granted on the basis of either paragraph 14(1)(a) or (b);
and

10 Paragraph 13(2)(a)

Omit “financial sector company”, substitute “company concerned”.

11 Paragraph 13(2)(d)

After “prescribed fee”, insert “(if any)”.

12 Subsection 14(1)

Repeal the subsection, substitute:

- (1) The Treasurer may grant the application if:
- (a) the applicant satisfies the Treasurer that it is in the national interest to approve the applicant holding a stake in the company of more than 20%; or
 - (b) the applicant satisfies the Treasurer that the criteria in subsection 14A(1) are met in relation to the applicant and the company.

13 Paragraph 14(2)(c)

Before “either”, insert “if the application is granted under paragraph (1)(a)—”.

14 At the end of subsection 14(2)

Add:

- ; and (d) if the application is granted under paragraph (1)(b)—specify that the approval remains in force for the period worked out under section 15A.

15 At the end of subsection 14(4)

Add:

- ; and (c) in the case of an approval granted under paragraph (1)(b), if the company concerned is not the relevant licensed company for the approval—given to the relevant licensed company for the approval.

16 After section 14

Insert:

14A Criteria for applications relating to new or recently established financial sector companies

- (1) For the purposes of paragraph 14(1)(b), the criteria are:
- (a) the applicant is a fit and proper person to hold a stake in the company of more than 20%; and
 - (b) the company is:
 - (i) a company to which subsection (3) or (4) applies; or
 - (ii) a holding company of a company to which subsection (3) or (4) applies.

Fit and proper person

- (2) The rules may prescribe matters that must be considered in determining whether a person is a fit and proper person for the purposes of paragraphs (1)(a) and 18(1)(d). However, such rules do not limit the matters that may be considered.

New or recently established financial sector company

- (3) This subsection applies to a company if:
- (a) the company is a body corporate incorporated in Australia; and
 - (b) the company has applied for one of the following, but that application has not yet been decided:
 - (i) authority under the *Banking Act 1959* to carry on banking business;
 - (ii) authorisation under the *Insurance Act 1973* to carry on insurance business;
 - (iii) registration under section 21 of the *Life Insurance Act 1995*; and
 - (c) the value of the total resident assets of the company is less than the assets threshold for the company (assuming the company is granted the authority, authorisation or registration concerned).
- (4) This subsection applies to a company if:
- (a) the company is a body corporate incorporated in Australia; and
 - (b) the company is:
 - (i) an authorised deposit-taking institution; or

- (ii) a company that is authorised under the *Insurance Act 1973* to carry on insurance business; or
- (iii) a company that is registered under section 21 of the *Life Insurance Act 1995*; and
- (c) at the time of the application under subsection 13(1), the company has been such an institution, or so authorised or registered (whichever is applicable), for less than 5 years; and
- (d) the value of the total resident assets of the company is less than the assets threshold for the company.

Total resident assets

- (5) The rules must prescribe the meaning of **total resident assets** in relation to a financial sector company.

Note: The rules may prescribe different meanings for different classes of financial sector company (see subsection 13(3) of the *Legislation Act 2003*).

Assets threshold

- (6) If a company is:
 - (a) an authorised deposit-taking institution; or
 - (b) registered under section 21 of the *Life Insurance Act 1995*;the **assets threshold** for the company is:
 - (c) \$200 million; or
 - (d) if another amount is determined in an instrument under subsection (8)—that other amount.
- (7) If a company is authorised under the *Insurance Act 1973* to carry on insurance business, the **assets threshold** for the company is:
 - (a) \$50 million; or
 - (b) if another amount is determined in an instrument under subsection (8)—that other amount.
- (8) The Treasurer may, by legislative instrument, determine an amount for the purposes of paragraph (6)(d) or (7)(b).

17 Section 15 (at the end of the heading)

Add “**granted on national interest grounds**”.

18 Subsection 15(1)

Omit “section 14”, substitute “paragraph 14(1)(a)”.

19 At the end of subsection 15(1)

Add:

Note: See also section 18 (revoking an approval).

20 Subsection 15(2)

Omit “section 14”, substitute “paragraph 14(1)(a)”.

21 Paragraph 15(3)(b)

After “prescribed fee”, insert “(if any)”.

22 After section 15

Insert:

15A Duration of approval granted in relation to a new or recently established financial sector company

- (1) An approval under paragraph 14(1)(b), in relation to a person and in relation to a financial sector company, remains in force until the end of 2 years after the day (the *threshold day*) that the value of the total resident assets of the relevant licensed company for the approval first exceeds the assets threshold for the relevant licensed company.
- (2) However, if the person applies within 90 days of the threshold day for an approval under paragraph 14(1)(a) in relation to the financial sector company, the approval under paragraph 14(1)(b) remains in force:
 - (a) if the application is refused—until the end of 2 years after the day the refusal was notified to the person; or
 - (b) if subsection 20(4) applies to the application—until the end of 2 years after the day the application is taken to be withdrawn under that subsection; or
 - (c) if the application is granted—until the approval under paragraph 14(1)(a) comes into force.
- (3) Also, if:

- (a) the person applies for an approval under paragraph 14(1)(a) in relation to the financial sector company more than 90 days after the threshold day; and
- (b) the application is granted within 2 years of the threshold day; the approval under paragraph 14(1)(b) remains in force until the approval under paragraph 14(1)(a) comes into force.

Note: See also section 18 (revoking an approval).

When approval for new financial sector company comes into force

- (4) An approval under paragraph 14(1)(b) that is granted on the basis that subsection 14A(3) applies to a company does not come into force until the company is a financial sector company.

Notification of approval ceasing to be in force

- (5) If an approval ceases to be in force because of the operation of this section, the Treasurer must arrange for notice of the cessation of the approval:
 - (a) to be published in the Gazette; and
 - (b) given to the financial sector company concerned.

23 At the end of paragraph 16(2)(b)

Add:

; or (iii) to which the approval is subject under section 16A.

24 Paragraph 16(4)(b)

After “prescribed fee”, insert “(if any)”.

25 After section 16

Insert:

16A Additional conditions for approval granted in relation to a new or recently established financial sector company

- (1) An approval under paragraph 14(1)(b) is also subject to the conditions set out in this section, in addition to any conditions to which the approval is subject under section 16.

Notification if assets threshold exceeded

- (2) If the holder of the approval receives a notice under section 21A from the relevant licensed company for the approval, the holder must give a written notice to the Treasurer within 30 days that specifies whether the holder intends to either:
- (a) reduce the stake held in the financial sector company to which the approval relates, to ensure an unacceptable shareholding situation does not come into existence when the approval ceases to be in force; or
 - (b) apply for an approval under paragraph 14(1)(a) in relation to the financial sector company.

Note 1: The relevant licensed company for an approval is required to notify the holder of the approval if the assets threshold for the company is exceeded (see section 21A).

Note 2: See section 15A in relation to the duration of the approval once the assets threshold is exceeded.

5 yearly review of approval

- (3) After the end of every 5 year period following the approval coming into force, the holder of the approval must undergo a review by APRA of the approval.

Yearly report of relevant information to APRA

- (4) The holder of the approval must give to APRA a yearly report of prudential information relevant to the ongoing operation of the approval.
- (5) The report must:
- (a) be in the approved form; and
 - (b) contain the information (if any) prescribed by the rules; and
 - (c) be provided to APRA within 30 days of the end of each financial year, or such longer period as agreed by APRA.

Functions and powers of APRA

- (6) The functions of APRA include conducting reviews mentioned in subsection (3).
- (7) APRA may, in writing, approve a form for the purposes of paragraph (5)(a).
-

26 Paragraph 17(2)(d)

After “prescribed fee”, insert “(if any)”.

27 At the end of subsection 18(1)

Add:

; or (d) if the approval was granted under paragraph 14(1)(b)—the person is no longer a fit and proper person to hold the approval.

28 Section 19 (at the end of the heading)

Add “—approval granted on national interest grounds”.

29 Paragraph 19(1)(a)

Omit “section 14”, substitute “paragraph 14(1)(a)”.

30 Paragraph 19(1)(a)

Omit “15%”, substitute “20%”.

31 Subsection 19(3)

Omit “section 14” (first occurring), substitute “paragraph 14(1)(a)”.

32 Subsection 19(3)

Omit “15%”, substitute “20%”.

33 After section 19

Insert:

19A Flow-on approvals—approval granted in relation to new or recently established financial sector company

100% subsidiaries of holding company

(1) If:

- (a) at a particular time, a person holds an approval under paragraph 14(1)(b) to hold a stake in a financial sector company of more than 20%; and
- (b) the financial sector company is a holding company of the relevant licensed company for the approval;

there are taken to be in force at that time approvals of the Treasurer, under section 14, for the person to hold the same percentage stake in:

- (c) the relevant licensed company; and
 - (d) each financial sector company that is both:
 - (i) a 100% subsidiary of the holding company; and
 - (ii) a holding company of the relevant licensed company.
- (2) If, on a particular day, the relevant licensed company for the approval ceases to be a 100% subsidiary of the holding company, the approval that is taken to be in force, because of subsection (1), in relation to that relevant licensed company continues in force until:
- (a) the end of 90 days after that day; or
 - (b) if, during that period of 90 days, the person becomes the holder of another approval under section 14 in relation to the relevant licensed company—that other approval comes into force.
- (3) If, on a particular day, a financial sector company that is covered by paragraph (1)(d):
- (a) ceases to be a 100% subsidiary of the holding company; or
 - (b) ceases to be a holding company of the relevant licensed company for the approval;
- the approval that is taken to be in force, because of subsection (1), in relation to that financial sector company continues in force until:
- (c) the end of 90 days after that day; or
 - (d) if, during that period of 90 days, the person becomes the holder of another approval under section 14 in relation to the financial sector company—that other approval comes into force.

Officers of company

- (4) If, at a particular time, a company (the **approval company**) holds an approval under paragraph 14(1)(b) to hold a stake in a financial sector company of more than 20%, there is taken to be in force at that time an approval of the Treasurer, under section 14, for each officer of the approval company to hold the same percentage stake in the financial sector company.

34 At the end of section 20

Add:

- (4) If the applicant does not provide the specified information before the end of the specified period or any longer period agreed to in writing by the Treasurer, the application is taken to be withdrawn.
- (5) A notice under subsection (2) must include a statement about the effect of subsections (3) and (4).

35 After Division 3 of Part 2

Insert:

Division 3A—Reporting by the relevant licensed company for an approval

21A Reporting when assets threshold exceeded

- (1) This section applies to the relevant licensed company for an approval under paragraph 14(1)(b).
- (2) The company must give written notice, in accordance with subsection (3), to APRA and the holder of the approval within 10 days of the day that the value of the total resident assets of the company first exceeds the assets threshold for the company.

Civil penalty: 60 penalty units.

- (3) The notice must specify the day on which the threshold was exceeded.

Note: An approval under paragraph 14(1)(b) is subject to a condition that the holder of the approval take certain actions if a notice is received under this section (see subsection 16A(2)).

36 Division 4 of Part 2 (heading)

Omit “15%”, substitute “20%”.

37 Subparagraph 23(1)(b)(ii)

Omit “15%”, substitute “20%”.

38 Subparagraph 24(1)(c)(ii)

Omit “15%”, substitute “20%”.

39 Subparagraphs 25(1)(c)(ii) and (f)(ii)

Omit “15%”, substitute “20%”.

40 Part 6 (after the heading)

Insert:

Division 1—Civil liability in certain civil proceedings

41A Application of this Division

This Division does not apply to a civil proceeding in relation to a civil penalty provision of this Act.

41 At the end of Part 6

Add:

Division 2—Civil penalties

43A Civil penalty provisions

Enforceable civil penalty provisions

- (1) Each civil penalty provision of this Act is enforceable under Part 4 of the Regulatory Powers Act.

Note: Part 4 of the Regulatory Powers Act allows a civil penalty provision to be enforced by obtaining an order for a person to pay a pecuniary penalty for the contravention of the provision.

Authorised applicant

- (2) For the purposes of Part 4 of the Regulatory Powers Act, each of the following persons is an authorised applicant in relation to the civil penalty provisions of this Act:
- (a) the Treasurer;
 - (b) APRA.

Relevant court

- (3) For the purposes of Part 4 of the Regulatory Powers Act, the Federal Court is a relevant court in relation to the civil penalty provisions of this Act.

Extension to external Territories etc.

- (4) Part 4 of the Regulatory Powers Act, as it applies in relation to the civil penalty provisions of this Act, extends to:
- (a) every external Territory; and
 - (b) acts, omissions, matters and things outside Australia.

Liability of Crown

- (5) Part 4 of the Regulatory Powers Act, as that Part applies in relation to the civil penalty provisions of this Act, does not make the Crown liable to a pecuniary penalty.

42 Subsection 44(1)

Omit “The”, substitute “Subject to subsection (1A), the”.

43 Paragraph 44(1)(a)

Omit “(the Australian Prudential Regulation Authority)”.

44 After subsection 44(1)

Insert:

- (1A) The Treasurer must not delegate the Treasurer’s power under subsection 45A(2) (power to consent to APRA making rule).

45 After section 45

Insert:

45A Rules

- (1) APRA may, by legislative instrument, make rules prescribing matters:
- (a) required or permitted by this Act to be prescribed by the rules; or

- (b) necessary or convenient to be prescribed for carrying out or giving effect to this Act.

Ministerial consent to rules required

- (2) APRA must not make a rule under subsection (1) unless the Treasurer has consented, in writing, to the making of the rule.
- (3) A consent under subsection (2) is not a legislative instrument.

Incorporation of other instruments

- (4) Despite subsection 14(2) of the *Legislation Act 2003*, the rules may make provision in relation to a matter by applying, adopting or incorporating, with or without modification, any matter contained in an instrument or other writing as in force or existing from time to time.

Scope of the rule-making power

- (5) To avoid doubt, the rules may not do the following:
- (a) create an offence or civil penalty;
 - (b) provide powers of:
 - (i) arrest or detention; or
 - (ii) entry, search or seizure;
 - (c) impose a tax;
 - (d) set an amount to be appropriated from the Consolidated Revenue Fund under an appropriation in this Act;
 - (e) directly amend the text of this Act.
- (6) Rules that are inconsistent with the regulations have no effect to the extent of the inconsistency, but rules are taken to be consistent with the regulations to the extent that the rules are capable of operating concurrently with the regulations.

46 Sections 48 and 49

Repeal the sections.

47 Paragraphs 4(1)(j) and (k) of Schedule 1

Omit “15%”, substitute “20%”.

Part 2—Application and transitional provisions

48 Transitional—existing approvals to hold a stake of more than 20%

- (1) This item applies to an approval under section 14 of the *Financial Sector (Shareholdings) Act 1998* that:
 - (a) is in force immediately before the commencement of this item; and
 - (b) approves a person to hold a stake in a financial sector company of more than 20%.
- (2) The approval has effect, after the commencement of this item, as if it had been granted under paragraph 14(1)(a) of the *Financial Sector (Shareholdings) Act 1998* as substituted by this Schedule.
- (3) If an application mentioned in subitem (4):
 - (a) was made in relation to the approval before the commencement of this item; and
 - (b) is pending immediately before the commencement of this item;the application continues to have effect, after the commencement of this item, in relation to the approval.
- (4) For the purposes of subitem (3), the following are the applications under provisions of the *Financial Sector (Shareholdings) Act 1998*:
 - (a) an application under subsection 15(2) for an extension of the period of an approval;
 - (b) an application under paragraph 16(3)(b) in relation to the conditions to which an approval is subject;
 - (c) an application under subsection 17(1) to vary the percentage specified in an approval.

49 Transitional—existing approvals to hold a stake of more than 15% but not more than 20%

- (1) This item applies to an approval under section 14 of the *Financial Sector (Shareholdings) Act 1998* that:
 - (a) is in force immediately before the commencement of this item; and
-

- (b) approves a person to hold a stake in a financial sector company of more than 15% but not more than 20%.
- (2) Subject to subitem (3), the approval ceases to have effect on and after the commencement of this item.
- (3) If:
- (a) before the commencement of this item, an application under section 17 of the *Financial Sector (Shareholdings) Act 1998* was made in relation to the approval to vary the percentage specified in the approval upwards to a percentage of more than 20%; and
 - (b) the application is pending immediately before the commencement of this item;
- then:
- (c) the approval has effect, after the commencement of this item, as if it had been granted under paragraph 14(1)(a) of the *Financial Sector (Shareholdings) Act 1998* as substituted by this Schedule; and
 - (d) the application continues to have effect, after that commencement, in relation to the approval; and
 - (e) if the application is refused—the approval ceases to have effect from the time of refusal.

50 Transitional—pending application for approval to hold a stake of more than 20%

- (1) This item applies to an application under section 13 of the *Financial Sector (Shareholdings) Act 1998* that:
- (a) was made before the commencement of this item; and
 - (b) is seeking approval to hold a stake of more than 20% in a financial sector company; and
 - (c) is pending immediately before the commencement of this item.
- (2) The application has effect, after the commencement of this item, as if the application:
- (a) had been made under section 13 of the *Financial Sector (Shareholdings) Act 1998* as amended by this Schedule; and

- (b) specified that the applicant is seeking for the approval to be granted on the basis of paragraph 14(1)(a) of the *Financial Sector (Shareholdings) Act 1998*.

51 Transitional—pending application for approval to hold a stake of more than 15% but not more than 20%

- (1) This item applies to an application under section 13 of the *Financial Sector (Shareholdings) Act 1998* that:
- (a) was made before the commencement of this item; and
 - (b) is seeking approval to hold a stake of more than 15%, but not more than 20%, in a financial sector company; and
 - (c) is pending immediately before the commencement of this item.
- (2) On the commencement of this item, the application is taken never to have been made.

52 Application of amendment—notice requiring further information about applications

Subsections 20(4) and (5) of the *Financial Sector (Shareholdings) Act 1998*, as added by this Schedule, do not apply in relation to a notice given under subsection 20(2) of that Act before the commencement of this item.

Schedule 2—Limited banking licences

Part 1—Authority to carry on banking business for a limited time

Banking Act 1959

1 After paragraph 9A(2)(j)

Insert:

- ; (k) if the section 9 authority is to cease to have effect on a day specified in the authority—it is unlikely to be appropriate, at or before that day, to grant the body corporate a section 9 authority that is not subject to a time limit.

2 Subparagraph 9A(3)(a)(iii)

Repeal the subparagraph, substitute:

- (iii) of the date by which any submissions must be made;
and

3 After subsection 9A(3)

Insert:

- (3A) The date mentioned in subparagraph (3)(a)(iii) must be:
 - (a) at least 90 days after the notice under paragraph (3)(a) of this section was given; or
 - (b) if the section 9 authority is to cease to have effect on a day specified in the authority—at least 21 days after the notice under paragraph (3)(a) of this section was given.

4 Paragraph 9A(8)(b)

Repeal the paragraph, substitute:

- (b) a decision to revoke a body corporate's section 9 authority, unless:
 - (i) APRA has determined, under subsection (4), that the procedures in subsection (3) do not apply; or
 - (ii) the section 9 authority is an authority that is to cease to have effect on a day specified in the authority.

5 After section 9C

Insert:

9D Authority to carry on banking business for a limited time

- (1) An application under subsection 9(2) may state that the application is for an authority to carry on banking business in Australia for a limited time.
- (2) If APRA grants an authority under subsection 9(3) as a result of an application made in accordance with subsection (1) of this section:
 - (a) the authority must state that it ceases to have effect on a day specified in the authority; and
 - (b) the authority ceases to have effect at the start of that day (except to the extent, if any, that it is continued in effect under subsection 9A(5A) or section 9F, or extended under section 9E), unless it is revoked earlier.
- (3) The day specified in the authority under paragraph (2)(a) must be:
 - (a) 2 years after the day APRA grants the authority; or
 - (b) if APRA considers that another day is appropriate—that other day.
- (4) Despite subsection 9(6), Part VI does not apply to a decision to refuse an application made in accordance with subsection (1) of this section, or to a decision to specify a particular day in the authority under paragraph (2)(a) of this section.

Application for authority not subject to time limit

- (5) A section 9 authority granted to a body corporate as a result of an application made in accordance with subsection (1) does not prevent the body corporate making, under section 9, a further application for an authority that is not subject to a time limit.
- (6) If APRA decides to grant such an application, APRA may do so by varying the section 9 authority to remove the time limit that applies to the authority under subsection (2).

9E Authority to carry on banking business in Australia for a limited time—extension

- (1) This section applies to a body corporate's section 9 authority if the authority is to cease to have effect on a day (the *expiry day*) specified in the authority.
- (2) APRA may, at any time before the expiry day, vary the authority to change the expiry day to a later day.
- (3) If APRA does so, APRA must:
 - (a) give written notice to the body corporate; and
 - (b) ensure that notice that the variation has been made is published in the Gazette.
- (4) A failure to comply with subsection (3) does not affect the validity of the variation.

9F Authority to carry on banking business in Australia for a limited time—continuation after expiry

- (1) This section applies to a body corporate's section 9 authority if the authority is to cease to have effect on a day (the *expiry day*) specified in the authority.
- (2) APRA may, at any time before the expiry day, give the body corporate a written notice stating that the authority continues in effect, on and after the expiry day, in relation to a specified matter or specified period for the purposes of:
 - (a) a specified provision of this Act or the regulations; or
 - (b) a specified provision of another law of the Commonwealth that is administered by APRA; or
 - (c) a specified provision of the prudential standards;and the statement has effect accordingly.

Part 2—Miscellaneous amendments

Banking Act 1959

6 Paragraphs 11AF(7A)(a) and (b)

Omit “paragraph (1)(d)”, substitute “paragraph (1)(e)”.

7 Paragraph 11AF(7C)(a)

Omit “paragraph (1)(d)”, substitute “paragraph (1)(e)”.

*[Minister’s second reading speech made in—
House of Representatives on 28 June 2018
Senate on 21 August 2018]*

(131/18)
