

PS LA 2004/10 - Tax laws claimed to be invalid

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! This document has changed over time. This version was published on *9 November 2010*

! This practice statement was originally published on 6 September 2004. Versions published from 8 January 2009 are available electronically - refer to the online version of the practice statement. Versions published prior to this date are not available electronically. If needed, these can be requested by emailing TCNLawPublishingandPolicy@ato.gov.au .



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FOI status: may be released

This Practice Statement is issued under the authority of the Commissioner and must be read in conjunction with Law Administration Practice Statement PS LA 1998/1. It must be followed by ATO staff unless doing so creates unintended consequences. Where this occurs ATO staff must follow their Business Line's escalation process.

SUBJECT: Tax laws claimed to be invalid

PURPOSE: How to deal with correspondence from taxpayers who claim that they will not comply with the tax laws because:

- the laws are invalid, or
- the laws do not apply to them.

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BACKGROUND

1. The ATO regularly receives correspondence from taxpayers arguing they are exempt from fulfilling their taxation obligations because:
 - either the entire taxation system is invalid, or
 - the tax system does not apply to them for a particular reason.
2. The correspondence may take a variety of forms, including requests for proof that laws are valid, requests for information, personal enquiries and objection letters.
3. This type of correspondence will often include:
 - Complex constitutional arguments based on the notion that Australia's entire legal and political systems are invalid, thus all laws are invalid
 - arguments that the particular individual's legal status is such that they are not subject to Australian laws
 - form letters and documents. Often several letters are received bringing up identical arguments. Frequently these letters are documents purporting to be legal notices, which do not appear to be valid. Such

documents may demand that ATO staff to produce documents, recognise a particular fact, make payments or perform other tasks.

4. On occasion, these letters will threaten legal action against the ATO, or against particular officers.

STATEMENT

5. Any correspondence of this type which is not part of an on-going matter, or where there is any doubt about the validity of the taxpayers' arguments, should be escalated in accordance with the published procedures Correspondence – action constitutional changes.
6. If officers suspect that the author of the documents has commenced or is attempting to commence legal action, details should immediately be forwarded to Strategic Recovery in accordance with the published procedures Correspondence – action constitutional changes. Strategic Recovery will then liaise with the Legal Services Branch if required.
7. In accordance with the Attorney General's *Legal Services Directions*, the ATO may provide legal assistance to defend a staff member who has acted reasonably and responsibly in carrying out their duties from a claim brought by a person and based on one of these unsupportable arguments.
8. It is important for staff to note the following.
 - It is not the function of officers to enter into debate or give advice about Constitutional issues or other issues not related to the administration of the taxation system□.
 - Submissions raising arguments similar to the types raised in correspondence of this type have already been dismissed as being unarguable by various courts including the High Court of Australia.
 - The correspondences, and any responses, do not alter any obligations the authors may have under the laws administered by the Commissioner, and refusal to comply with these obligations may result in prosecution and the imposition of penalties and interest.
9. Given that many claims of this type have been rejected by the Courts, it is not appropriate for ATO staff to spend time and resources producing detailed responses to these claims.
10. When officers are responding to correspondence of this type, generally, the appropriate response will be a short letter of rejection. This letter will make it clear that the ATO does not accept the views put forward by the author and that the correspondence does not alter any legal obligations the author has under any of the laws administered by the Commissioner.
11. This practice statement replaces Law Administration Practice Statement PS LA 1999/3 which is withdrawn from the date of effect of this practice statement.

Amendment history

Date of amendment	Part	Comment
9 November 2010	General style update	Changed reference to Tax Office to ATO.
21 October 2009	Preamble	Updated to reflect current wording
	Paragraph 5 & 6	Replace referral point with linked escalation procedures
	Original paragraph 11	Deleted as it is no longer required
8 January 2009	Paragraph 11	Alternate contact updated
5 March 2006	Paragraph 11	Referral points updated
15 November 2004	Paragraphs 5 and 11	Referral points updated

Subject references	constitution invalid law taxation laws
Related practice statements	Law Administration Practice Statement PS LA 1999/3 (withdrawn)
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