



TD 2007/30 - Income tax: value of goods taken from stock for private use for the 2007-2008 income year

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Taxation Determination

Income tax: value of goods taken from stock for private use for the 2007-2008 income year

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Ruling

1. This Determination provides an update of amounts that the Commissioner will accept as estimates of the value of goods taken from trading stock for private use by taxpayers in named industries. The updated amounts are contained in the Schedule at paragraph 2 of this Determination. This Determination should be read with Taxation Ruling IT 2659: Income tax: value of goods taken from stock for private use.

Schedule for the value of goods taken from trading stock

2. The Schedule for the value of goods taken from trading stock for private use in the 2007-2008 income year is:

| Type of business | Amount (excluding GST) for adult/child over 16 years \$ | Amount (excluding GST) for child 4-16 years \$ |
|------------------------------|--|---|
| Bakery | 1,040 | 520 |
| Butcher | 700 | 350 |
| Restaurant/cafe (licensed) | 3,570 | 1,425 |
| Restaurant/cafe (unlicensed) | 2,850 | 1,425 |
| Caterer | 3,100 | 1,550 |

TD 2007/30

| | | |
|---|-------|-------|
| Delicatessen | 2,850 | 1,425 |
| Fruiterer/greengrocer | 750 | 375 |
| Takeaway food shop | 2,700 | 1,350 |
| Mixed business (includes milk bar, general store and convenience store) | 3,400 | 1,700 |

Date of effect

3. This Determination applies to the 2007-2008 income year. However, it does not apply to taxpayers to the extent that it conflicts with the terms of settlement of a dispute agreed to before the date of the Determination.

Commissioner of Taxation21 November 2007

Appendix 1 – Explanation

1 *This Appendix is provided as information to help you understand how the Commissioner's view has been reached. It does not form part of the binding public ruling.*

Background

4. The Commissioner has previously issued 'Goods Own Use' (GOU) amounts for a range of industries. These amounts are estimates of the value of goods taken from trading stock for private use by taxpayers in named industries.

Methodology

Selection of industries

5. Industries suitable for inclusion in the Schedule should:
- exhibit a transformation process of trading stock items (for example baking);
 - have as trading stock a range of small items or ingredients, usually of low value;
 - not be suited to inventory systems; and
 - have a high turnover of items, often for cash.
6. The Schedule of Industries is:

| |
|--|
| Bakery |
| Butcher |
| Restaurant/cafe (licensed) |
| Restaurant/cafe (unlicensed) |
| Caterer |
| Delicatessen |
| Fruiterer/greengrocer |
| Takeaway food shop |
| Mixed business (incorporating milk bar, general store and convenience store) |

Determination of amounts

7. The basis for determining values of goods taken from trading stock is derived from the latest¹ Household Expenditure Survey (HES) results issued by the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) adjusted for Consumer Price Index (CPI) movements for each category of items.² The ABS collects at varying intervals detailed information about the expenditure, income, net worth and other characteristics of households resident in private dwellings throughout Australia. Information is collected during personal interviews and from diaries in which survey participants have recorded all personal expenditure over a two week period. Interviews and diary-keeping are spread over the financial year of collection. At the 'fine' level of expenditure, the survey details household expenditure in over 700 categories of items across a range of household composition groups.³ It is considered that these survey results provide reasonable and statistically valid estimates as to the community's level of spending on a wide range of items.

8. Using the HES data, consideration has been given to the fine level expenditure items and which items would be present in the trading stock of the Schedule of Industries. The stock items are generally limited to the HES 'food and non-alcoholic beverage' broad category, except for Licensed Restaurants/Cafes where 'alcoholic beverage' items are included,⁴ and Caterer where some 'household equipment' items are included.

9. The main assumption in calculating GOU amounts is that if a business has an item in stock then the taxpayer would take the item from stock for own use rather than purchase the item elsewhere. However, the GOU amounts represent amounts that the Commissioner deems acceptable. Where a taxpayer considers the values provided in the schedule do not reflect their particular circumstances, they may elect to maintain suitable records⁵ of items taken from trading stock for personal use.

Updating the Schedule

10. It is intended to adjust the values annually to reflect either the most recent HES data or the HES data uplifted for CPI movements and reissue the Schedule at the commencement of each income year.

¹ 2003-2004.

² This figure is rounded up to the nearest \$10 for adults.

³ For example, sole person, couple or couple with one dependent.

⁴ For adults but not for children.

⁵ See section 262A of the *Income Tax Assessment Act 1936* and Taxation Ruling TR 96/7 Income tax: record keeping – section 262A – general principles. Law Administration Practice Statement PS LA 2004/3 (GA) The valuation of goods taken from trading stock for private use by sole traders or partners in a partnership, sets out the approach the Commissioner will accept for valuing trading stock that is taken for private use by sole traders or partners in a partnership.

References

Previous draft:

Not previously issued as a draft

- record keeping
- trading stock
- value of goods taken from stock

Related Rulings/Determinations:

IT 2659; TR 96/7

Legislative references:

- ITAA 1936 262A
- TAA 1953

Previous Rulings/Determinations:

TD 2001/25; TD 2002/26; TD 2003/22;
TD 2004/38; TD 2005/36; TD 2006/55

Other references:

- Law Administration Practice Statement
PS LA 2004/3 (GA)

Subject references:

- private use
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ATO references

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