TR 2003/11W - Income tax: the interpretation of the general exclusion provision of the Dependent Personal Services Article, or its equivalent, of Australia's Double Tax Agreements

Unterpretation of the general exclusion provision of the Dependent Personal Services Article, or its equivalent, of Australia's Double Tax Agreements

 \bigcirc This document has changed over time. This is a consolidated version of the ruling which was published on 23 May 2012

Australian Government



Australian Taxation Office

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Notice of Withdrawal

Taxation Ruling

Income tax: the interpretation of the general exclusion provision of the Dependent Personal Services Article, or its equivalent, of Australia's Double Tax Agreements

Taxation Ruling TR 2003/11 is withdrawn with effect from today.

TR 2003/11 deals with the interpretation of the general 1. exclusion provision under the Dependent Services Article, or its equivalent in Australia's tax treaties, in particular, the meaning of the term 'employer' for the purposes of that provision.

Draft Taxation Ruling TR 2012/D4, which issues today, 2. provides the Commissioner's view on the meaning of the term 'employer' and determining who the employer is for the purposes of the Income from Employment article following the publication of the Commentary on Article 15¹ of the OECD Model Tax Convention on Income and on Capital as at 22 July 2010. The views expressed in TR 2003/11 have been incorporated into TR 2012/D4 to the extent they still apply.

Commissioner of Taxation 23 May 2012

ATO references NO: 1-3WLMZBB ISSN: 1039-0731 Income Tax ~~ Exempt income ~~ business and ATOlaw topic: professional income - Australian sourced

The Article in the OECD Model equivalent to the Income from Employment (and Dependent Personal Services Article) in Australia's tax treaties.